Public-Private-Partnerships

As a catalyst for tenure governance in developing countries

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LE34 provides land management and surveying services

- Private land surveying company founded in 1817
- 26 Offices in Scandinavia
- Leading provider of land management and land surveying services in Northern Europe
Why we believe that Public-Private-Partnerships is the way forward

- Utilize know-how from the private sector
- Better task solutions
- Build knowledge in land related tasks
- Easy up- and down scaling
Public-Private-Partnerships in relation to the Sustainable Development Goals: The 2030 Agenda

- Challenge
- Opportunity
- Adressing problems
- Better world
SDG no. 1 End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Target 1.4: “By 2030, ensure that all men and women...have equal rights to ...ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources…”

SDG no. 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture

Target 2.3: “By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers...through secure and equal access to land…”
Land administration systems in developing countries

- Organizational structures
- Legislative alignment
- Spatial mapping
- Capacity building
Public-Private-Partnerships - in a Danish cadastral perspective

- Developed over more than 200 years
- Initial purpose – valuation and taxation
- Adapted and improved over time
- Meeting the changing societal requirements
- Extensive use of private sector
PPP in cadastral proceedings and IT systems

- Private companies are the main actor in cadastral proceedings
- PPP integrated in the legal basis for cadastral proceedings
- PPP in maintaining and developing cadastral IT systems
Danish Land Administration Systems established on the basis of Public-Private-Partnerships
Public-Private-Partnerships: Catalyst for tenure governance in developing countries

- Determine policies and maintain control
- Determine the institutional and legal basis
- Obtain services in the private sector, on national and/or international basis
- Establishing and developing the system
- Spatial mapping
- Public tender vs. bilateral agreement
- Quality control functions
Public-Private-Partnerships: Advantages

- Maintain control
- Utilize from the flexibility of the private sector
- Innovates the task performance
- Easy up- and down scaling
- Capacity building in land related tasks
Public-Private-Partnerships

Positive societal impact

- Securing property rights
- Developes other georelated services
- Creates jobs in public and private sector
- Higher skills and quality education
- Increases value of society

Source: DenOffentlige.dk
Thank you