Implementation of an Advanced Spatial Technological System for Emergency Situations

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The system was developed within the framework of a EU funded multidisciplinary research project, that involved the collaboration of researchers at:

- The University Hospital,
- The Architectural – GIS Engineering Department and
- The Electrical and Computer Engineering Department of Patras University,

as well as private consulting firms (ATMEL).

The end users of the project were:
the National Center for Emergency Response (NCER),
the Fire and the Police Departments.

Collaborators: Ministry of Environment, Land Planning & Public Works, Greek Telecommunications Organization (OTE), Mobile Service Providers, Compucon S.A. (AVLC – systems), CISCO – Hellas (Networking Equipment) and KONTOU Inc. (ATMS – systems)
Project’s Scope

Development and deployment of a technologically advanced integrated system for trauma incidents in the Region of Western Greece.
INNACT - RWG [Action 3.1]

Project’s Objectives

Coordination of the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) division, Fire and Police Departments, and Hospital Units towards the deployment of an integrated system for:

i) reducing the time needed for arrival of the EMS personnel to the place of an accident,

ii) reducing the overall time needed to transfer the patient to the trauma-centre,

iii) offering medical care of high quality to en-route patients through the use of principles of telemedicine, and

iv) archiving for future optimisation the historical events related to trauma cases in the study area.
INNACT - RWG [Action 3.1]

Key Components

a) an Emergency-Vehicle (EV) fleet equipped with a GPS-based management system encompassing a cellular (GPRS) module for transmitting the EV’s location to a trauma/ dispatch centre,

b) an innovative cellular-based (GSM) telemedicine system for transferring key medical data from patients in ambulances to trauma-centres in hospitals,

c) a decentralized traffic management system for EV traffic pre-emption,

d) an innovative GIS-based system for pinpointing the optimum routes for the EVs to the accident’s location and back to the hospital, and

e) an on-going lecturing-program for offering up-to-date training to EMS-personnel.
a) EV-fleet management system

- GPS-Satellites
- EMS-Vehicle
- Mobile Service
- Base-Station
- GPRS-transmitter
- GPS-receiver
- AVLC-on vehicle equipment
b) Wireless Telemedicine System (on EMS-vehicles)

Mobile Medical Equipment

Wi-Fi Observation Camera

EMS-Ambulance (Interior)
c) Decentralized Traffic Management Unit

- EMS-vehicle
- UHF-transmitter

- Traffic Intersection
- UHF-receiver
d) GIS for optimum route guidance
The final outcome was the development of a **GIS system** relying on the following data layers:

1. The entire road network, containing information on speed limits, direction of travel, traffic signals, and other important traffic parameters.
2. EV GPS data.
3. References of the accident location according to the data received by the trauma/dispatch center.
4. Best possible route guidance from the EV’s location to the accident location and from the accident site to the University Hospital trauma centre.
5. Updating and expanding the system by introducing new traffic data.
EVs location, according to data received by the GPS
Best possible route guidance from the EV to the accident’s location

Best possible route guidance from the accident to the trauma center
e) An on-going lecturing-program for offering up-to-date training to EMS-personnel

Human Resources
Medical School – University Hospital

Architectural – GIS Engineering – University of Patras

Electrical & Computer Engineering – University of Patras

Emergency Response Unit

Private firms

... (and many more)
Overall Architecture of the System Developed

Ambulance No1

Ambulance No2

Vital Sign Collector - Transmitter

Mobile Service Antenna

Ambulance No3

POTS

University Hospital of Patras
Results - Conclusions

During the three-month study period, 56 transportations were examined before the implementation of the project, serving as controls and 45 after the implementation of the project, with properly equipped ambulances.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NATURE OF INCIDENTS</th>
<th>BEFORE REGULATIONS</th>
<th>AFTER REGULATIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MULTIPLE INJURIE (CAR ACCIDENTS etc)</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATHLOGY AND REGULAR INCIDENTS</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARDIOLOGICAL INCIDENTS</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nature of incidents studied
## Transportation Time Reduction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TRANSPORTATION TIME</th>
<th>STAGE I</th>
<th>STAGE II</th>
<th>p</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total time</td>
<td>12,36 min n=56</td>
<td>10,21 min n=45</td>
<td>0.000002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total time without using sirens and lights</td>
<td>12,34 min n=48</td>
<td>10,20 min n=40</td>
<td>0.000002</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total time using sirens and lights</td>
<td>12,07 min n=8</td>
<td>9,40 min n=5</td>
<td>0.03</td>
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<tr>
<td>In the time period 07:00-19:00 without using sirens and lights</td>
<td>12,40 min n=31</td>
<td>10,36 min n=22</td>
<td>0.0005</td>
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<tr>
<td>In the time period 07:00-19:00 using sirens and lights</td>
<td>12,00 min n=3</td>
<td>9,00 min n=3</td>
<td>0.13</td>
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<tr>
<td>In the time period 19:00-07:00 without using sirens and lights</td>
<td>11,51 min n=17</td>
<td>9,53 min n=18</td>
<td>0.007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In the time period 19:00-07:00 using sirens and lights</td>
<td>12,30 min n=5</td>
<td>9,36 min n=2</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Coordination of the parties involved

✓ An incident, either a simple one such as a car accident or a complicated one, such as a massive destruction, requires the collaboration of several authorities and organizations, as the police, the army, the port police, the fire department and the NCER.

✓ The coordination of all parties, directly or indirectly involved, consists a crucial parameter for the fast and effective confrontation of the trauma incident.

✓ The implementation of the system developed within the presented project, rendered the dispatch centre as the significant junction that offered the possibility to notify and coordinate all these parties, so that their mobilization is fast, effective and efficient.
Thank you for your attention!