Country-Level Engagement

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Key Focus and Strategies

1. **Focused agenda on “Tenure Security for All”** – Through pro-poor land tools and promotion of the continuum of land rights approach

2. **Strong focus on empowering the rural and urban poor, women and vulnerable groups**

3. **Technical and process solutions (e.g. tools, partnerships, capacity development)** – As key entry points to address political economy issues

4. **Learning by doing** – as the core strategy for implementing capacity development work

5. **Catalytic role** – Supports existing platforms, partners’ work, seed/catalytic funding, value additions, etc.
Key Focus and Strategies

6. Supports and other international initiatives (e.g. VGGTs, LPI, LGAF)
7. Strong focus on bottom-up and inclusive approaches; grassroots engagement
8. Working beyond government and land institutions; work with CSOs, local partners, other Ministries (e.g. Agriculture)
9. Strengthening rural-urban nexus
Key Considerations and Criteria

1. Availability and willingness of GLTN partners, expertise, capacity and leadership.
2. Evidence of political will and commitment by government.
3. Level of resources available with equity contribution from stakeholders and donors.
4. Opportunities to work within the UN Country Team as well as other international partners.
5. Expressed needs by country for support in addressing land challenges.
6. Presence of opportunities for contributing to change at the country level.
7. Support to implementation of SDGs, New Urban Agenda, Habitat III (providing value-added support / catalytic GLTN interventions to on-going UN-Habitat country projects).
Key Steps

✓ Assessment of country context
✓ Identifying the strategic entry points
✓ Meeting the key stakeholders
✓ Preparing the specific country plan of action
✓ Implementation and monitoring
✓ Feedback and evaluation
Categorization of Country Engagement

A. Full scale engagement
B. Value additions
C. Technical Assistance or light backstopping
A. Full Scale Engagement

1. Uganda:

- Strengthening capacity of Ministry of Lands, Housing and Urban Development in implementing National Land Policy.

- Capacity building towards the adoption of the continuum of land rights approach and key GLTN tools.


- Capacity building and technical support on addressing land governance issues in the context of large scale agricultural projects (Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industries and Fisheries).
A. Full Scale Engagement cont’d

2. Democratic Republic of Congo:

- Strengthening the capacity of Ministry of Lands Affairs towards development of pro-poor gender sensitive land policy.
- Support multi-stakeholder coordination on land governance – North and South Kivu provinces.
- Capacity building and integration of key GLTN tools in land mediation process – North Kivu province.
3. Kenya:

- Strengthen the capacity of partners to implement pro-poor land tools to contribute to improving tenure security and living conditions in informal settlements - Pamoja Trust (SDI affiliate), Technical University of Kenya, County Government of Mombasa).

- Strengthen the capacity of IFAD-supported programmes to adopt and implement pro-poor land tools in their work streams - Smallholder Dairy Commercialization Project (SDCP), Upper Tana Catchment Area Natural Resources Management Project (UTaNRMP).

- Development of a Land Information Management System for Turkana County. Joint implementation of the VG with FAO country programme.
4. Namibia:

Support implementation of the Flexible Land Tenure Act (FLTA):

• Drafting of FLTA implementation regulations.

• Piloting implementation of FLTA – Ministry of Land Reform, Municipality of Gobabis, Namibia Action Housing Group, Namibia University of Science and Technology, Freedom Square Settlement.
5. **Zambia:**

Influence Government authorities to include community-collected data on land in the formalization and land governance processes.

- Implementation of GLTN tools within the continuum of land rights framework in Mungule Chiefdom.
C. Light Backstopping

6. **Colombia** – tool implementation for neighborhood upgrading programme.


8. **Somalia** – capacity development of UN-Habitat country programme to develop land information systems to support dispute resolutions processes.

9. **Philippines** – tool implementation for informal settlement upgrading.
**IMPACT PATHWAYS**

**GLTN Capacity Interventions**
- Coordination Unit established
- Strategy developed and endorsed
- Consultations made
- Draft laws and regulations available
- Priority research undertaken

**KEY OUTPUTS**
- Multi-stakeholder dialogues and meetings conducted
- Partnership strategy developed, including communicative interactions
- Multiple agreements in place amongst partners
- Good practices documented and shared
- Tools are developed and piloted
- Tools are implemented and scaled-up
- Learning programs are implemented
- Information materials produced, disseminated
- Debates and dialogues documented

**Long-Term Outcomes**
- Improved tenure security for the Urban and Rural Poor in Uganda
- Large proportion of poor population have received tenure instruments and have perceived tenure security
- Reduced land disputes and conflicts
- Increased women’s access to and youth engagement in land

**Intermediate Outcomes**
- Improved capacity of change agents to scale up pro-poor land interventions
- Donors and key strategic partners are engaged and providing support
- Increased number of programmes developed and supported
- Pro-poor land laws and regulations are endorsed and are being implemented
- Multi-stakeholder platform for collaborative partnership is operational
- Improved relations between government and CSOs at national and local levels

**IMPACT**
- High public confidence and support
- Multi-stakeholder platform for collaborative partnership is operational
- Strategy for land policy implementation is being executed
- Pro-poor land laws and regulations are endorsed and are being implemented
- Increased number of programmes developed and supported

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Next Steps

- Re-scoping and updating country plans’ of actions based on emerging demands.
- Scoping of new countries such as Nepal (for full-scale engagement).
- Monitoring and evaluation of ongoing country-level programmes.
Questions?

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